

ALASKA LAND MOBILE RADIO

Dispatch Operator Training

November 18, 2021

Objectives

- Provide an overview of the technical workings of the ALMR system for dispatch operators
- Highlight the common functions of the MCC 7500 series dispatch console
- Review issue reporting information requirements



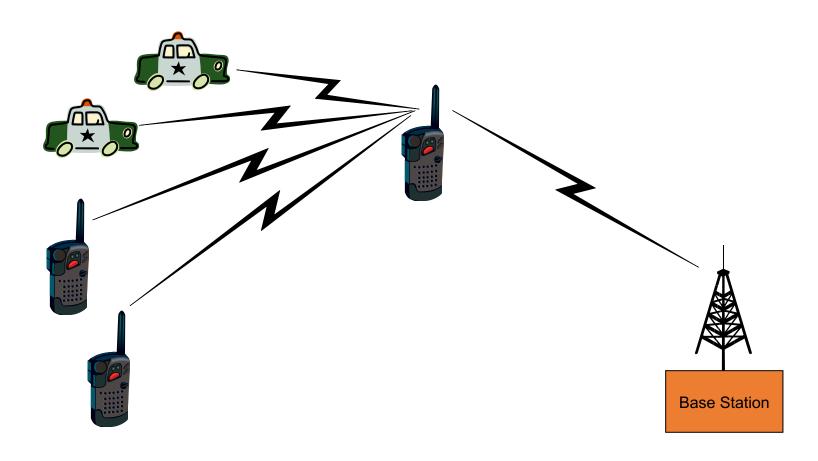
Terminology

- P25 Project 25 Standard Radio System
- Talkgroup virtual "channel" in the system
- Master Site main control points for ALMR
- Subscriber Unit radio or device used by a responder
- Site ALMR Tower Site
- AWARN Anchorage Wide Area Radio Network
- Radio Alias nickname for a radio
- Radio ID numeric ID assigned to radio
- Affiliation communication with a site by a radio

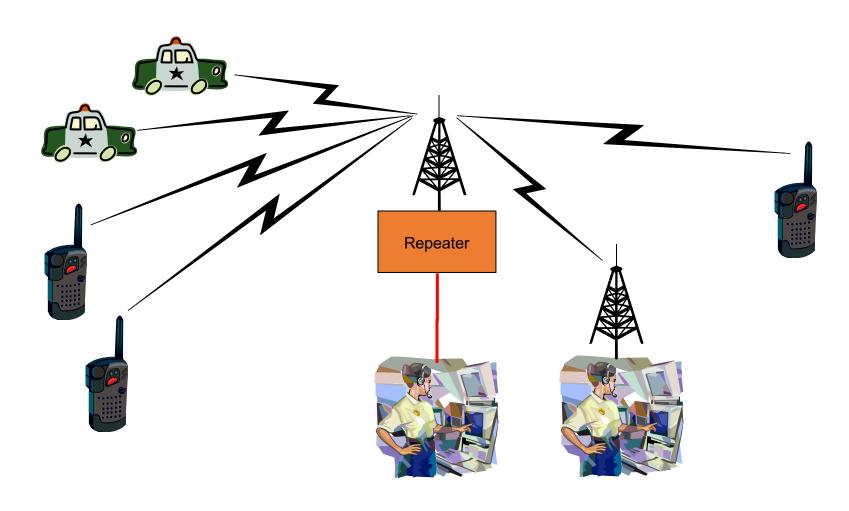


Radio System Concepts

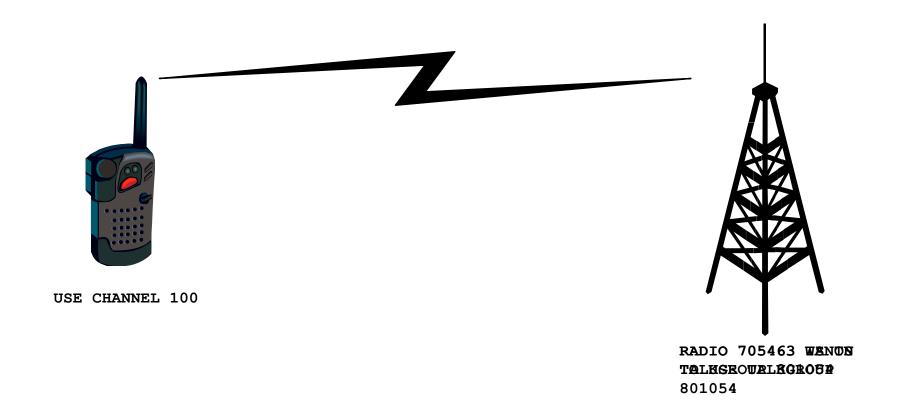
Radio Systems Overview Conventional System – Simplex



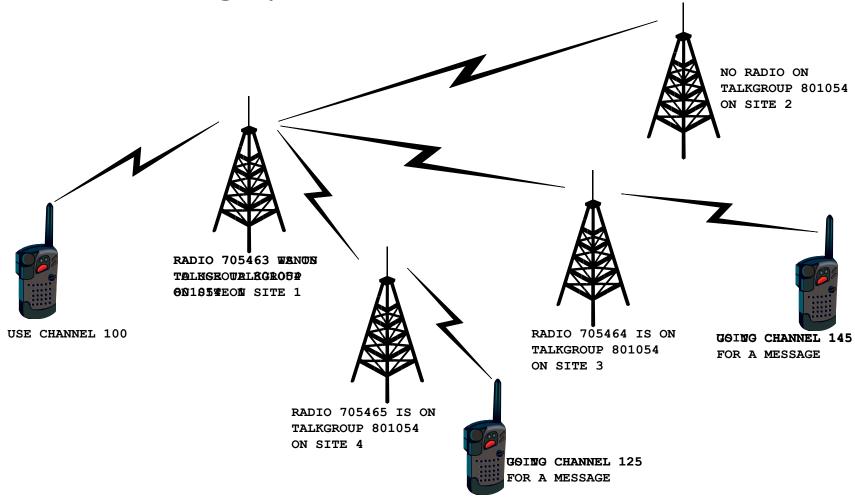
Radio Systems Overview Conventional System – Repeater



Trunking System Operation (ALMR)



Radio Systems Overview Networked Trunking System



ALMR System

A Federal, State, and Municipal partnership

ALMR System Zones

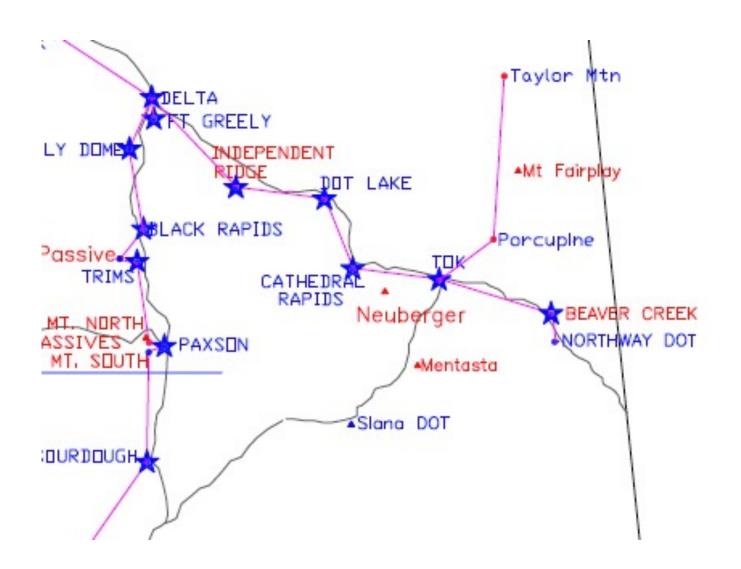
- Zone 1: All areas south of the Denali Highway
- Zone 2: All areas north of the Denali Highway
- Zone 3: (reserved for possible Southeast expansion)
- Zone 4: Anchorage Wide Area Radio Network (AWARN)
- Each zone has a master site: Zone 1 and 4 in Anchorage, Zone 2 in Fairbanks



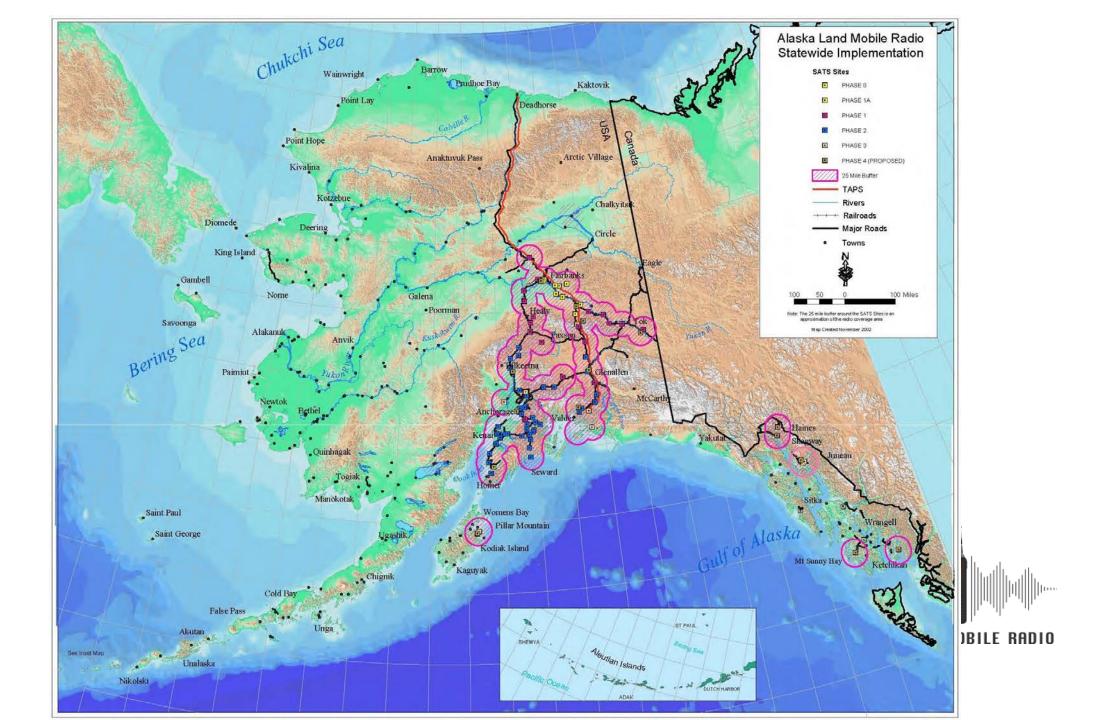
ALMR Sites

- About 85 tower sites make up the ALMR system
- The sites are connected via the State of Alaska Telecommunications System (SATS)
- Almost all sites feature redundant network connections.
- All sites have emergency power capabilities.









Organization and Governance

- Alaska Public Safety Communications Services (APSCS)
- System Management Office (SMO)
- Operations Management Office (OMO)
- User Council
- Executive Council
- Key Partners: State of Alaska, Department of Defense, Alaska Municipal League, Municipality of Anchorage

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Console Functionality

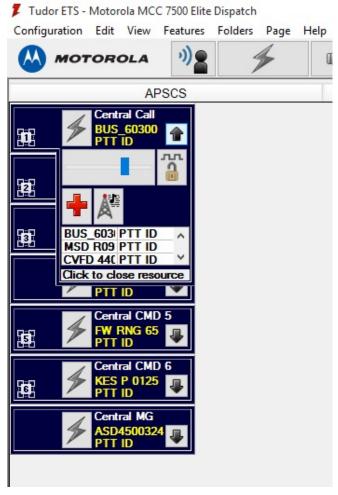
Selecting a Radio Resource





Expanding and Compressing a resource window

Tudor FTS - Motorola MCC 7500 Filtre Disparch





Frequency Select

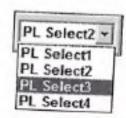
Some radio resources may have specific frequencies that can be selected, for example a primary and backup repeater

Not usually an option on ALMR talkgroups

Click the expand button on the resource to view the options



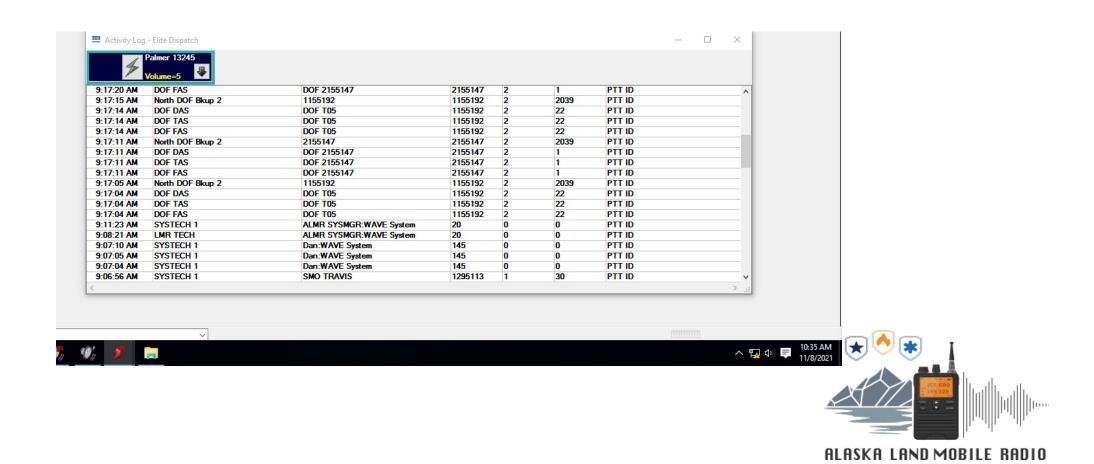
Frequency Select



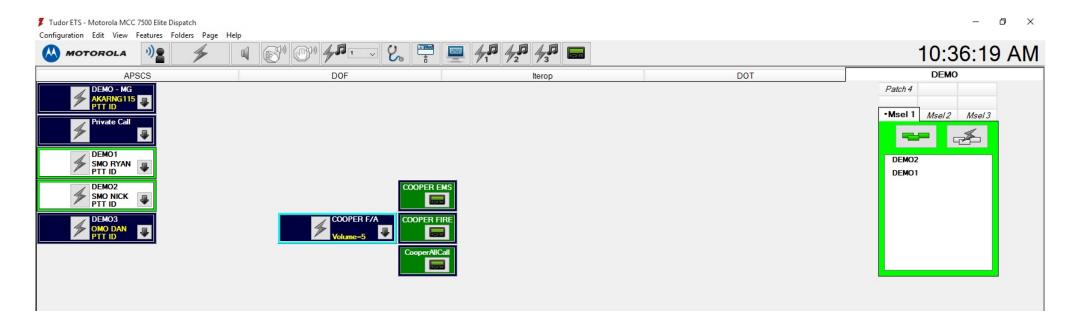
Private Line Select



Activity Log



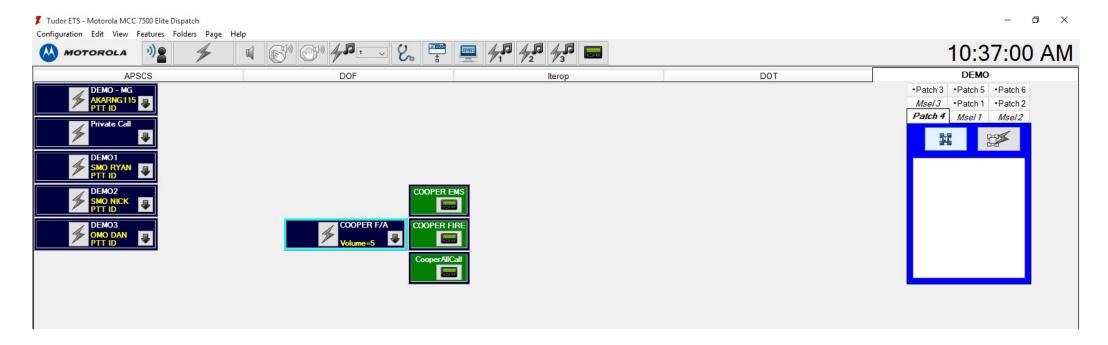
Multi-Select



• Putting frequencies or talkgroups in a multi-select group allows you to transmit on all of them simultaneously



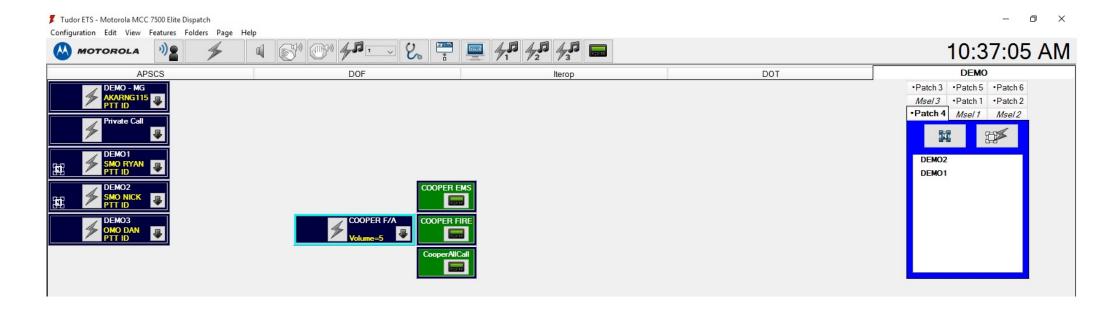
Patch



• A patch links frequencies or talkgroups together that allows users to talk with each other



Patch





ALASKA LAND MOBILE RADIO

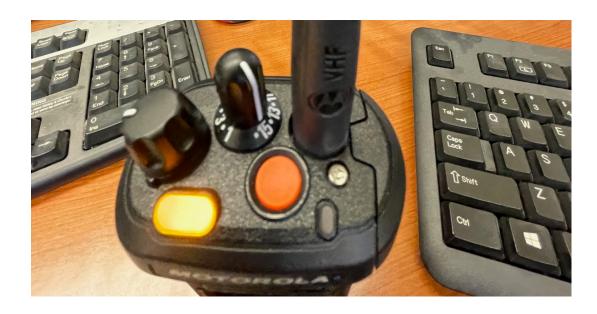
Auxiliary Inputs and Outputs

- Small white buttons on the console can be configured as aux inputs/outputs
- They can be configured to do many different things such as opening/closing doors, controlling lighting, and other functions
- Some require you to hold down the button to activate the function, while others need one click to toggle on and another to toggle off



Emergency Alarm

• Typically the orange button on radio

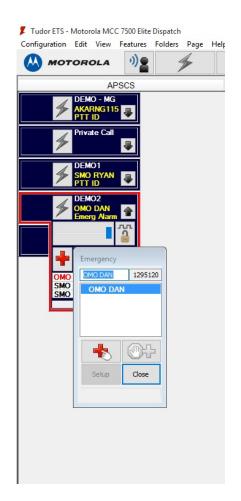


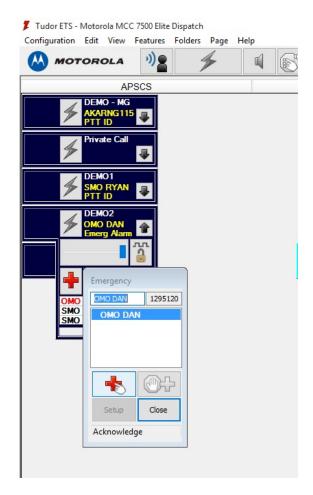


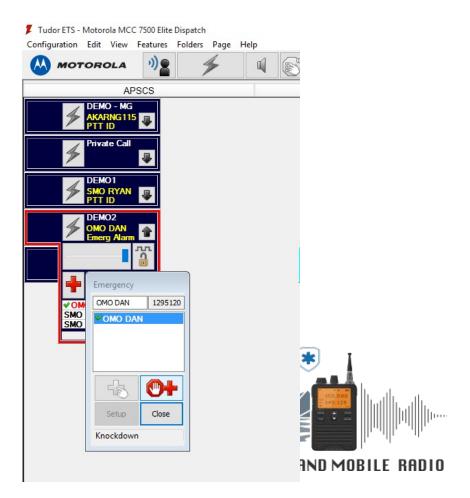
Emergency Alarm







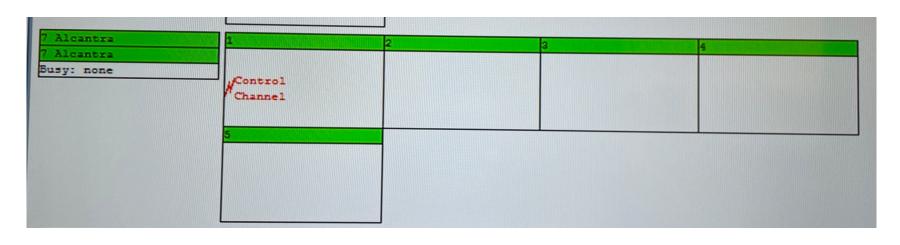




Potential Radio Issues

Bonk

- The "Bonk" sound typically is caused by two issues on the radio: The radio is out of range and can't affiliate with a site, or that site is too busy to accept the radio traffic
- Each site has a specific number of channels. One channel is dedicated to a control channel, the others can be used for radio users. If those channels are full, the site is busy.





Site and Wide Trunking

- Trunking refers to the ability for a site to reach other radios in the network
- Wide trunking is the default operation, it uses the SATS system to communicate with other sites.
- Site trunking means that a particular site has lost the connection with the rest of the network:
 - Radios in site trunking can only talk to radios that were affiliated with that site when trunking was lost
 - New radios won't affiliate to a site in site trunking
 - Most radios display an alarm when a site moves to site trunking

Site Trunking indicators

- Radios, depending on how they are programmed, will give an indication of site trunking on the screen.
- Mobiles will generally turn orange and give an audible alarm





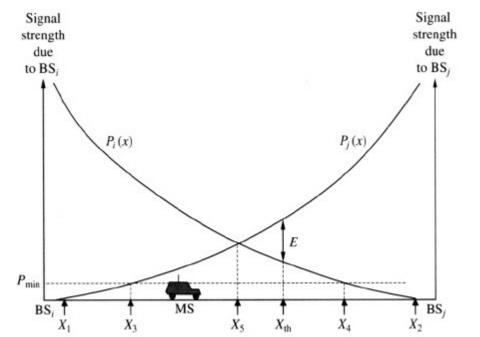
Portables and Mobiles

- Mobile radios are typically mounted in vehicles, while portables are handheld radios.
- Mobile radio typically have 55 watts of transmit power, while a portable typically has 6.
- The ALMR system was designed for 90 percent mobile radio coverage.



Affiliation

- When a radio is powered on, it affiliates with a particular site, generally with the strongest signal strength
- As the radio moves around, it can re-affiliate with a site that has a stronger signal
- Programming issues can affect affiliation, can cause momentary bonk





Audio Concepts

- Compared to conventional radio, ALMR is a digital system
- In older radios, you may be able to make out words through static or know someone is attempting to key up
- Digital radios are generally "all or nothing" signal strength is there until it's not. It won't fade out or get worse and then fail.



Common causes of coverage issues

- Portables will see diminished coverage on ALMR. Some areas are known to have limited coverage
- Antennas, location, and equipment at the ALMR site
- Use of the radio (orientation, portable in a vehicle, in/out of building)
- Radio programming
- Individual unit maintenance



System Maintenance

Site Maintenance

- To keep updated on site maintenance, consult the daily report e-mailed to dispatch centers Monday Friday
- Additional notifications are sent when specific sites have scheduled or unscheduled maintenance



Preventative Maintenance

- Each site has at least one preventative maintenance visit per year
- Upgrades and repairs may warrant additional site visits
- PM downtime is usually about 15 minutes
- Dispatch centers in the affected area are called before proceeding



Quarterly Zone Controller Maintenance

- Each Zone (1, 2, 4) has a zone controller the central controller for the system
- There is also a redundant zone controller in each zone
- Quarterly, system patches require a rollover to the other zone controller
- Typical downtime is less than one minute



Reporting Issues

Available Support

- ALMR Helpdesk available Monday Friday 7:30am 4:30pm
- Helpdesk and SATS team available 24/7 for emergencies
- Motorola provides remote monitoring and assistance 24/7
- For routine issues: please call or e-mail the helpdesk during normal business hours
- Emergency issues: Call the helpdesk number to be routed to an on call technologist

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• Monitor the Daily System Status report

Helpful information

- Date and Time
- Radio ID number or Alias
- Description of the issue
- Location of the radio
- Site affiliated with, if known
- Any commonalities



ALMR Help Desk: (907) 334-2567 ALMR-Helpdesk@beringstraits.com

ALMR Operations Management: (907) 777-1109

Dan.Nelson@wostmann.com

www.alaskalandmobileradio.org



@ALMR_SOA